

Form **COL**

Violation Warning Denial of Rights Under Color of Law

► Violation Warning—18 U.S.C. §242; 18 U.S.C. §245; 42 U.S.C. §1983

Name and address of Citizen	Name and address of Notice Recipient
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Citizen's statement:

Under 28 U.S. Code § 1338. Patents, plant variety protection, copyrights, mask works, designs, trademarks, and unfair competition
 (a) The district courts shall have original jurisdiction of any civil action arising under any Act of Congress relating to patents, plant variety protection, copyrights and trademarks. No State court shall have jurisdiction over any claim for relief arising under any Act of Congress relating to patents, plant variety protection, or copyrights. **The Following Cases were deprived due process of law . We will need an AO 213 FORM for any and all court cases for deprivation of rights under color of law.**

I certify that the forgoing information stated here is true and correct.

Citizen's signature

►

Date ►

Legal Notice and Warning

Federal law provides that it is a crime to violate the Rights of a citizen under the color-of-law. You can be arrested for this crime and you can also be held personally liable for civil damages.

Attempting to cause a person to do something by telling that person that such action is required by law, when it is not required by law, may be a felony.

18 USC §242 provides that whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States ... shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

18 USC §245 provided that Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, intimidates or interferes with any person from participating in or enjoying any benefit, service, privilege, program, facility, or activity provided or administered by the United States; [or] applying for or enjoying employment, or any perquisite thereof, by any agency of the United States; shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

42 USC §1983 provides that every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress.

Warning, you may be in violation of Federal Law and persisting with your demand may lead to your arrest and/or civil damages! Also understand that the law provides that you can be held personally responsible and liable, as well as your company or agency.

You are advised to cease and desist with your demand and to seek *personal* legal counsel if you do not understand the law.

Notice of Service:

I, _____ certify that I personally delivered this notice to above named recipient and address on _____ at _____.

Public Domain—Privacy Form COL(01)

DULY NOTE: The violation of rights under color of law is being brought forth for failure to comply with the recording requirements pursuant to Title 24 Part 27 Delegation Order, missing as required by Treasury Regulation 1.856-6 et seq. further failing to comply under IRC 26 US Code Sec §1250 and §1245 Recapture Rules and Disallowance of an undisclosed BORROWER issued in favor of _____ without notification to the UNIFORM INSTRUMENT's PARTY of record.

For Clarity, under COLOR OF LAW there was the presumption of a PERSON as defined under UCC§1-201(4) that was adhered to an individual as defined under UCC§1-201(11) which is a breach of UCC§ 1-201(17) violating UCC§1-201(18) through a "banking organization" UCC§1-201(25) meaning a PERSON other than the individual. . Meaning that UCC§1-201 (32) "Remedy" holds any remedial right to which an aggrieved party is entitled with or without resort to a tribunal.

SEE TRADEMARK P.3 Section 1.2 of the of UCC Definitions. The uncapitalized terms (emphasis added):